STATE AND CONSUMERS SERVICES AGENCY
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
GOVERNOR EDMUND G. BROWN JR.

## **Legislation and Regulation Committee**

Greg Lippe, CPA, Chair, Public Member Ramón Castellblanch, PhD, Public Member Randy Kajioka, PharmD, Professional Member Victor Law, RPh, Professional Member Amy Gutierrez, PharmD, Professional Member Tappan Zee, Esq., Public Member

### LEGISLATION AND REGULATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The Legislation and Regulation Committee met on April 11, 2013.

All statutory references are to the Business and Professions Code, unless otherwise stated. All regulatory references are to Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations, unless otherwise stated.

### PART I REGULATIONS

### a. Regulations Approved by the Office of Administrative Law

ATTACHMENT 1

The board's rulemaking to amend Section 1746 related to the Emergency Contraception Protocol was approved by the Office of Administrative Law on March 13, 2013. The regulation goes into effect on July 1, 2013. The Fact Sheet utilized by pharmacists when dispensing emergency contraceptives pursuant to this protocol is being updated and should be available when the regulation goes into effect.

## b. Board-Approved Regulations – Recently Noticed

**ATTACHMENT 2** 

At the February Board Meeting, the board voted to modify the text of its proposal at Section 1762. This is the board's combined rulemaking to Amend Sections 1745 and 1769, and to add Section 1762 to Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.

Staff is preparing a notice of modified text that will be issued for a 15-day public comment period. The modified language approved by the board is provided in Attachment 2.

## c. Board Approved Regulations Undergoing Administrative Review

**ATTACHMENT 3** 

The board noticed its proposal to add a new Article 5.5 to Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations related to Pedigree Requirement. The board's proposal to add a new Section 1747 would establish requirements for the "unique identification number" required by Section 4034 of the Business and Professions Code, and the board's proposal to add a

new Section 1747.1 would establish requirements for declarations that must be filed with the board, as required by Sections 4163.2 and 4163.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

The board's proposal was initially noticed on September 21, 2012. The board conducted a regulation hearing in conjunction with the December 2012 Board Meeting and subsequently issued two Notices of modified text. Thereafter, the board adopted the final regulation language at the Board Meeting held February 5, 2013, and staff completed the rulemaking file. The rulemaking file was submitted to the department for administrative review in March.

A copy of the Adopted Text is provided in **Attachment 3**. The board will be updating its website with its Final Statement of Reasons and other rulemaking documents.

## d. Board Approved – Awaiting Notice

**ATTACHMENT 4** 

Below are four board-approved regulatory proposals that have not yet been noticed for public comment. A copy of the language approved for public notice is provided in **Attachment 4**, and a summary of each is provided below.

**Committee Recommendation:** Hold the Notice for 1751.9 until a later date, and issue for public comment the board's proposals for 1732.2, 1732.5, and 1732.05.

The board has approved for a 45-day public comment period four proposals: three related to continuing education, and one related to standards for agencies that accredit sterile injectable compounding pharmacies.

The committee is recommending that the board hold off on noticing the board-approved text to amend Section 1751.9 – Standards for Agencies that Accredit Sterile Injectable Compounding Pharmacies. This regulation may no longer needed given the board's legislation (SB 294) to strengthen board's ability to regulate and monitor pharmacies that compound sterile drug products, which would eliminate existing requirements that authorize accreditation in lieu of licensure for sterile compounding pharmacies that do business in California.

A summary of the four board-approved proposals is below.

Proposal to Amend Section 1732.2 – Board Accredited Continuing Education In January 2012, the board withdrew a pending regulation to Section 1732.2 which, at that time, was pending final review at the Office of Administrative Law. Thereafter, the Licensing Committee vetted revised language which, in May 2012, was approved by the board for public notice.

Proposal to Amend Section 1732.5 – Specification of Continuing Education Credit in Specific Content Areas

In May 2012, the board approved a draft regulatory proposal for public comment to require continuing education in specific content areas. The proposed text would require six of the 30 units required of continuing education for a pharmacist renewal to be in specified content areas.

Proposal to Amend Section 1732.05 – Update Accreditation Agencies for Continuing Education

In May 2012, the board approved a draft regulatory proposal to modify Section 1732.05(a)(2) and to initiate a rulemaking. This proposal was at the request of the California Pharmacists Association, to reflect the restructuring of the Pharmacy Foundation of California and its transference of duties related to the provision of continuing education to the California Pharmacists Association.

Proposal to Add Section 1751.9 – Standards for Agencies that Accredit Sterile Injectable Compounding Pharmacies

In May 2012, the board approved for public notice a draft regulatory proposal from the Licensing Committee to add Section 1751.9 to Title 16 of the CCR for the purpose of specifying standards for agencies that accredit licensed sterile injectable compounding pharmacies.

# Regulation Attachment 1

## Approved by the Office of Administrative Law 3/13/13 Filed with the Secretary of State 3/13/13 Effective Date 7/1/13

## § 1746. Emergency Contraception

- (a) A pharmacist furnishing emergency contraception pursuant to Section 4052.3(a)(2) of the Business and Professions Code shall follow the protocol specified in subdivision (b) of this section.
- (b) Protocol for Pharmacists Furnishing Emergency Contraception (EC).
- (1) Authority: Section 4052.3(a)(2) of the California Business and Professions Code authorizes a pharmacist to furnish emergency contraception pursuant to a protocol approved by the California State Board of Pharmacy and the Medical Board of California. Use of the protocol specified in this section satisfies that requirement.
- (2) Purpose: To provide timely\_access to emergency contraceptive medication and ensure that the patient receives adequate information to successfully complete therapy.
- (3) Procedure: When a patient requests emergency contraception, the pharmacist will ask and communicate the following:
  - Are you allergic to any medications?
  - Timing is an essential element of the product's effectiveness. EC should be taken as soon as possible after unprotected intercourse. Treatment may be initiated up to five days (120 hours) after unprotected intercourse.

EC use will not interfere with an established or implanted pregnancy.

If more than 72 hours have elapsed since unprotected intercourse, the use of ella™ (ulipristal) may be more effective than levonorgestrel. For other options for EC, consult with your health care provider.

Please follow up with your health care provider after the use of EC.

(4) The pharmacist shall provide a fact sheet and review any questions the patient may have regarding EC. In addition, the pharmacist shall collect the information required for a patient medication record required by Section 1707.1 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.

Fact Sheet: The pharmacist will provide the patient with a copy of the current EC fact sheet approved by the Board of Pharmacy as required by Business and Professions Code Section 4052.3(e).

- (5) Referrals and Supplies: If emergency contraception services are not immediately available at the pharmacy or the pharmacist declines to furnish pursuant to conscience clause, the pharmacist will refer the patient to another emergency contraception provider. The pharmacist shall comply with all state mandatory reporting laws, including sexual abuse laws.
- (6) The pharmacist may provide up to 12 non-spermicidal condoms to each Medi-Cal and Family PACT client who obtains emergency contraception.
- (7) Advanced provision: The pharmacist may dispense emergency contraception medication for a patient in advance of the need for emergency contraception.
- (8) EC Product Selection: The pharmacist will provide emergency contraception medication from the list of products specified in this protocol. This list must be kept current and maintained in the pharmacy. Along with emergency contraception products, the list will include adjunctive medications indicated for nausea and vomiting associated with taking EC containing estrogen. Patients will be provided information concerning dosing and potential adverse effects.
- (9) Documentation: Each prescription authorized by a pharmacist will be documented in a patient medication record as required by law.
- (10) Training: Prior to furnishing emergency contraception, pharmacists who participate in this protocol must have completed a minimum of one hour of continuing education specific to emergency contraception.

## (11) Medications Used for Emergency Contraception

## **Dedicated Approved Products for Emergency Contraception**

Brand Dose Ethinyl Estradiol per dose (mcg)

One Tablet Regimens

Plan B™ One-Step	1 tablet	0	1.5mg
Flair B Olle-Step	1 tablet	U	levonorgestrel
ella™	1 tablet	0	30mg ulipristal
Lovenorgestral	1 tablet	0	1.5mg
Levonorgestrel	1 tablet	U	levonorgestrel

Two Tablet Regimens

Next Choice™	2 tablets at once (1.5mg total dose) or 1 tablet (0.75mg) followed by 1 tablet (0.75mg) 12 hours later	0	Each tablet is 0.75 mg levonorgestrel
Levonorgestrel	2 tablets at once (1.5mg total dose) or 1 tablet (0.75mg) followed by 1 tablet (0.75mg) 12 hours later	0	Each tablet is 0.75 mg levonorgestrel

**Oral Contraceptive Pills** 

Brand	Tablets per Dose (two doses 12 hours apart*)	Ethinyl Estradiol per dose (mcg)	Levonorgestrel per dose (mg)*
Alesse	5 pink tablets	100	0.50
Aviane	5 orange tablets	100	0.50
Levlen	4 light-orange tablets	120	0.60
Levlite	5 pink tablets	100	0.50
Levora	4 white tablets	120	0.60
Lo/Ovral	4 white tablets	120	0.50
Low-Ogestrel	4 white tablets	120	0.60
Nordette	4 light-orange tablets	120	0.60
Ogestrel	2 white tablets	100	0.50
Ovral	2 white tablets	100	0.50
Tri-Levlen	4 yellow tablets	100	0.50
Triphasil	4 yellow tablets	120	0.50
Trivora	4 pink tablets	120	0.50
Ovrette	20 yellow tablets	0	0.75

\*The progestin in Ovral, Lo/Ovral, and Ovrette is norgestrel, which contains two isomers, only one of which (levonorgestrel) is bioactive; the amount of norgestrel in each dose is twice the amount of levonorgestrel.

In addition to the products specified in this paragraph, generic equivalent products may be furnished. Estrogen containing regimens are not preferred and should be used only when the other options are not available.

## (12) Anti-nausea Treatment Options for use with Emergency Contraception

Non-Prescription Drugs	Dose	Timing of Administration
Meclizine hydrochloride (Dramamine II, Bonine)	One or two 25 mg tablets	1 hour before first EC dose; Repeat if needed in 24 hours
Diphenhydramine hydrochloride (Benadryl)	One or two 25 mg tablets or capsules	1 hour before first EC dose; repeat as needed every 4-6 hours
Dimenhydrinate (Dramamine)	One or two 50 mg tablets or 4-8 teaspoons liquid	30 minutes to 1 hour before first EC dose; repeat as needed every 4-6 hours
Cyclizine hydrochloride (Marezine)	One 50 mg tablet	30 minutes before first EC dose; repeat as needed every 4-6 hours

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4052 and 4052.3, Business and Professions Code.

# Regulation Attachment 2

## Order of Adoption Board of Pharmacy California Code of Regulations

To Amend Section 1745 of Article 5 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read as follows:

## § 1745. Partial Filling of Schedule II Prescriptions.

- (a) A prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance (as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11055) may be partially filled, as defined in paragraph (b), if:
- (1) The prescription is for an inpatient of a skilled nursing facility as defined in Health and Safety Code section 1250; or
- (2) The prescription is for a terminally ill patient. "Terminally ill" as used herein means a patient for whom a licensed physician and surgeon has made and documented a diagnosis of illness or disease that will result in death.
- (b) A "partially filled" prescription is a prescription from which only a portion of the amount for which the prescription is written is filled at any one time; provided that regardless of how many times the prescription is partially filled, the total amount dispensed shall not exceed that written on the face of the prescription.
- (c) When partially filling a prescription pursuant to subsection (a), all of the following conditions must be met:
- (1) The prescription must be tendered and at least partially filled within 60 days following the date of issue;
- (2) The pharmacist records the date and amount of each partial filling in a readily retrievable form and or on the original prescription, also recording the initials of the pharmacist dispensing the prescription;
- (3) No portion of the prescription is dispensed more than 60 days from the date of issuance of the prescription; and
- (d) A pharmacist may partially fill a prescription for a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, if the pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity ordered by the prescriber. The pharmacist shall make a notation of the quantity supplied on the face of the written prescription. The remaining portion of the prescription may be filled within 72 hours of the first partial filling. If

the remaining portion is not filled within the 72-hour period, the pharmacist shall notify the prescriber. The pharmacist may not supply the drug after 72 hour period has expired without a new prescription.

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Section 4301, Business and Professions Code; and Sections 11055, 11153, 11154, 11166, 11200, Health and Safety Code.

To Add Section 1762 to Article 8 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read as follows:

## § 1762. Unprofessional Conduct Defined.

In addition to those acts detailed in Business and Professions Code Section 4301, the following shall also constitute unprofessional conduct:

- (a) Including or permitting to be included any of the following provisions in an agreement to settle a civil dispute arising from the licensee's practice, whether the agreement is made before or after the filing of an action:
- (1) A provision that prohibits another party to the dispute from contacting, cooperating, or filing a complaint with the board; or,
- (2) A provision that requires another party to the dispute to attempt to withdraw a complaint the party has filed with the board.
- <u>(b) Failure without lawful excuse to provide records requested by the board within 15 days of</u>
  the date of receipt of the request or within the time specified in the request, whichever is later.
- (c) Failure or refusal to comply with any court order issued in the enforcement of a subpoena, mandating the release of records to the board.
- (d) Commission of any act resulting in the requirement that a licensee or applicant registers as a sex offender. The board may revoke the license of any licensee and deny the application of any applicant who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 of the Penal Code or any other equivalent federal, state or territory's law that requires registration as a sex offender.

<u>Authority: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 726, 4300 and 4301, Business and Professions Code.</u>

To Amend Section 1769 of Article 8 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read as follows:

### § 1769. Criteria for Rehabilitation.

(a) In addition to any other requirements for licensure, when considering the approval of an application, the board or its designee may require an applicant to be examined by one or more physicians and surgeons or psychologists designated by the board if it appears that the applicant may be unable to safely practice due to mental illness or physical illness affecting competency. An applicant's failure to comply with the examination requirement shall render his or her application incomplete. The board shall pay the full cost of such examination. The board shall seek that the evaluation be conducted within 60 days of the date the applicant is advised that an examination is required. The board shall receive the examiner's evaluation within 60 days of the date the examination is completed. The report of the examiner shall be made available to the applicant.

If after receiving the report of the evaluation, the board determines that the applicant is unable to safely practice, the board may deny the application.

- (a) (b) When considering the denial of a facility or personal license under Section 480 of the Business and Professions Code, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of the applicant and his present eligibility for licensing or registration, will consider the following criteria:
- (1) The nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s) under consideration as grounds for denial.
- (2) Evidence of any act(s) committed subsequent to the act(s) or crime(s) under consideration as grounds for denial under Section 480 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or crime(s) referred to in subdivision (1) or (2).
- (4) Whether the applicant has complied with any terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the applicant.
- (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the applicant.
- (b) (c) When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:

- (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (2) Total criminal record.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
- (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4030, 4200 and 4400, Business and Professions Code.

## Regulation Attachment 3

## Order of Adoption Board of Pharmacy California Code of Regulations

## Article 5.5. Pedigree Requirements.

### 1747. Unique Identification Number.

For the purposes of Section 4034 of the Business and Professions Code, the "unique identification number" that is to be established and applied to the smallest package or immediate container as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 4034 by the manufacturer or repackager shall conform to requirements for Standardized Numerical Identifiers (SNIs) set forth in a March 2010 publication by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) titled "Guidance for Industry, Standards for Securing the Drug Supply Chain – Standardized Numerical Identification for Prescription Drug Packages," (FDA'S Guidance Document), hereby incorporated by reference. As stated therein, an SNI consists of a serialized National Drug Code (NDC) product identifier combined with a unique numeric or alphanumeric serial number of no more than twenty (20) digits or characters. For dangerous drugs for which no NDC product identifier is assigned or is in use, an equivalent serialized product identifier may be used in place of the NDC consistent with the FDA's Guidance Document. This number shall be combined with a unique numeric or alphanumeric serial number that is not more than 20 digits or characters in length to establish the unique identification number.

This regulation shall become operative on January 1, 2015.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4005, 4034, and 4163.2, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4034, 4034.1, 4163, 4163.1, 4163.2, 4163.4, 4163.5, Business and Professions Code.

## 1747.1. Specification of Pedigreed Dangerous Drugs; Specification of Existing Stock

(a)(1) To comply with Business and Professions Code section 4163.5, each manufacturer of a dangerous drug distributed in California shall submit to the board no later than December 31, 2014, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the manufacturer, containing the following:

(A) A list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name and product package (SKU) type representing at least fifty (50) percent of the manufacturer's total that are ready for initial implementation of the serialized electronic pedigree requirements as of January 1, 2015;

- (B) A statement identifying which one of the following methods was used to measure the percentage of drugs ready to be serialized: (i) unit volume, (ii) product package (SKU) type, or (iii) drug product family;
- (C) A statement describing the calculation(s) used to arrive at the percentage figure of dangerous drugs ready for serialized pedigree requirements;
- (D) A list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name and product package (SKU) type that are in the remaining percentage not yet ready to be serialized or subject to pedigree requirements; and,
- (E) a statement specifying the technology employed to meet the pedigree requirements, including but not limited to any platform(s), vendor(s), hardware, software, and communication technologies deployed.
- (2) To comply with Business and Professions Code section 4163.5, each manufacturer of a dangerous drug distributed in California shall also submit to the board no later than December 31, 2015, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the manufacturer, containing the following:
- (A) A list and quantity of its remaining dangerous drugs by name and product package (SKU) type that are ready for implementation of serialized electronic pedigree requirements as of January 1, 2016.
- (B) A statement identifying which one of the following methods was used to measure the final percentage of drugs to be serialized: (i) unit volume, (ii) product package (SKU) type, or (iii) drug product family;
- (C) A statement describing the calculation(s) used to arrive at the final percentage figure; and,
- (D) A statement specifying the technology employed to meet the pedigree requirements, including but not limited to any platform(s), vendor(s), hardware, software, and communication technologies deployed.
- (3) Any failure to submit to the board a declaration compliant with subdivision (a)(1) by December 31, 2014, any failure to submit to the board a declaration compliant with subdivision (a)(2) by December 31, 2015, or any failure to re-submit either declaration to the board in fully compliant form within ten (10) days after notice of deficiency by the board, shall constitute a violation of the Pharmacy Law.
- (b) For the purposes of Business and Professions Code sections 4163.2 and 4163.4, any manufacturer, wholesaler or repackager seeking to designate dangerous drugs it possesses, owns, or controls that are not subject to the serialized electronic pedigree requirements, shall submit to the Board, by no later than July 31, 2016, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the manufacturer, wholesaler or repackager, containing the following:

- (1) a list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name, product package (SKU) type and National Drug Code (NDC) product identifier in the possession, ownership, or control of the manufacturer, wholesaler or repackager that were acquired prior to July 1, 2016;
  - (2) a statement that specifies the means and source of acquisition; and,
- (3) a statement that specifies the anticipated means of any subsequent distribution or disposition.
- (c) For the purposes of Business and Professions Code sections 4163.2 and 4163.4, any pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse seeking to designate dangerous drugs it possesses, owns, or controls that are not subject to the serialized electronic pedigree requirements, shall submit to the Board, by no later than July 31, 2017, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse, containing the following:
- (1) A list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name, product package (SKU) type and National Drug Code (NDC) product identifier in the possession, ownership, or control of the pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse that were acquired prior to July 1, 2017;
  - (2) A statement that specifies the means and source of acquisition; and,
- (3) a statement that specifies the anticipated means of any subsequent distribution or disposition.
- (d) The Board or its designee shall have sole discretion to determine whether any of the declarations submitted pursuant to this Section are compliant, and to reject and require re-submission of any non-compliant declaration(s) until determined to be fully compliant.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4005, 4034, 4163, 4163.2 and 4163.5, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4034, 4034.1, 4163, 4163.1, 4163.2, 4163.4, 4163.5, Business and Professions Code.

# Regulation Attachment 4

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1	Title 16. Board of Pharmacy
2	Proposed Language
3	
4	To Amend § 1732.05 in Article 4 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to
5	read as follows:
6	§ 1732.05. Accreditation Agencies for Continuing Education.
7	(a) The following organizations are approved accreditation agencies:
8	(1) The Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education.
9	(2) The Pharmacy Foundation of California California Pharmacists Association.
10	(b) Accreditation agencies shall:
11	(1) Evaluate each continuing education provider seeking accreditation in accordance with the
12	provider's ability to comply with the requirements of section 1732.1 of this Division.
13	(2) Maintain a list of the name and address of the person responsible for the provider's continuing
14	education program. The accreditation agency shall require that any change in the responsible person's
15	identity shall be reported to the accreditation agency within 15 days of the effective date of the
16	change.
17	(3) Provide the board with the names, addresses and responsible party of each provider, upon request
18	(4) Respond to complaints from the board, providers or from pharmacists concerning activities of any
19	of its accredited providers or their coursework.
20	(5) Review at least one course per year offered by each provider accredited by the agency for
21	compliance with the agency's requirements and requirements of the board and, on request, report the
22	findings of such reviews to the board.
23	(6) Take such action as is necessary to assure that the continuing education coursework offered by its
24	providers meets the continuing education requirements of the board.
25	(7) Verify the completion of a specific continuing education course by an individual pharmacist upon
26	request of the board.
27	(c) Substantial failure of an approved accreditation agency to evaluate continuing education providers
28	as set forth in subdivision (b) shall constitute cause for revocation of its approval as an accreditation
29	agency by the board.
30	
31	Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Section 4232,

Business and Professions Code.

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34	To Amend § 1732.2 in Article 4 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read
35	as follows:
36	§ 1732.2. Board Accredited Continuing Education
37	
38	(a) Individuals may petition the board to allow continuing education credit for specific coursework
39	which is not offered by a provider but meets the standards of Section 1732.3.
40	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of this section, coursework which meets the standard of relevance
41	to pharmacy practice and has been approved for continuing education by the Medical Board of
42	California, the California Board of Podiatric Medicine, the California Board of Registered Nursing or the
43	Dental Board of California shall, upon satisfactory completion, be considered approved continuing
44	education for pharmacists.
45	(c) A pharmacist serving on a designated subcommittee of the board for the purpose of developing
46	the California Practice Standards and Jurisprudence Examination for pharmacists pursuant to
47	section 4200.2 of the Business and Professions Code may annually be awarded up to six hours of
48	continuing education for conducting a review of exam test questions. A subcommittee member shall
49	not receive continuing education hours pursuant to this subdivision if that subcommittee member
50	requests reimbursement from the board for time spent conducting a review of exam test questions.
51	(d) A pharmacist or pharmacy technician who attends a full day board meeting may be awarded six
52	hours of continuing education per renewal period. The board shall designate on its public agenda
53	which day shall be eligible for continuing education credit. A pharmacist or pharmacy technician
54	requesting continuing education pursuant to this subdivision must sign in and out on an attendance
55	sheet at the board meeting that requires the individual to provide his or her first and last name, license
56	number, time of arrival and time of departure from the meeting.
57	(e) A pharmacist or pharmacy technician who attends a full committee meeting of the board may be
58	awarded two hours of continuing education per renewal period. A pharmacist or pharmacy technician
59	requesting continuing education hours pursuant to this subdivision must sign in and out on an
60	attendance sheet at the committee meeting that requires the individual to provide his or her first and
61	last name, license number, time of arrival and time of departure from the meeting.
62	(f) An individual may be awarded three hours of continuing education for successfully passing the

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Section 4232,

examination administered by the Commission for Certification in Geriatric Pharmacy.

Business and Professions Code.

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67 To Amend § 1732.5 in Article 4 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read 68 as follows: 69 § 1732.5. Renewal Requirements for Pharmacist. 70 71 (a) Except as provided in Section 4234 of the Business and Professions Code and Section 1732.6 of this 72 Division, each applicant for renewal of a pharmacist license shall submit proof satisfactory to the board, that the applicant has completed 30 hours of continuing education in the prior 24 months. 73 74 (b) At least six of the 30 units required for pharmacist license renewal shall be completed in one or 75 more of the following subject areas: 76 1. Emergency/Disaster Response 77 2. Patient Consultation 78 3. Maintaining Control of a Pharmacy's Drug Inventory 79 4. Ethics 80 5. Substance Abuse 81 Pharmacists renewing their licenses which expire on or after July 1, 2015, shall be subject to the 82 requirements of this subdivision. 83 (b) (c) All pharmacists shall retain their certificates of completion for four years following completion 84 of a continuing education course. 85 86 Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4231 and 87 4232, Business and Professions Code. 88 / 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99

100	To Add § 1751.9 to Division 1	7 of Title 16 of the California	Code of Regulations to read as follows:
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101

- 102 § 1751.9. Accreditation Agencies for Pharmacies that Compound Injectable Sterile Drug Products
- 103 (a) An agency seeking to become an approved accrediting agency for pharmacies or nonresident
- pharmacies that compound sterile injectable drug products pursuant to Business and Professions Code
- sections 4127.1 or 4127.2 shall submit evidence satisfactory to the board as described in
- subdivision (b) that:
- 107 (1) The accrediting agency performs site inspections and re-accreditation reviews of each accredited
- pharmacy at least annually. Site inspections shall be conducted to ensure compliance with Article 4.5
- 109 (commencing with Section 1735) and Article 7 (commencing with Section 1751) of Division 17 of
- 110 Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations governing the compounding of sterile injectable drug
- 111 products.
- (2) The standards for granting accreditation shall reflect the Pharmacy Law.
- 113 (3) The surveyors who perform site inspections possess qualifications necessary to evaluate the
- professional practices subject to accreditation. At least one member of the survey team must be a
- licensed pharmacist. All health care practitioner surveyors must maintain current, active and
- unrestricted licensure to practice their respective professions.
- 117 (4) The accrediting agency has sufficient personnel and resources to accredit California and non-
- 118 resident pharmacies.
- (5) The accrediting agency has been operating for a minimum of two years with a history of
- accrediting health care facilities.
- 121 (6) The accrediting agency shall provide the board access to an approved accrediting agency's report
- on individual pharmacies for a three-year period following issuance of the report. Upon request of the
- board, the agency shall provide the report within 10 business days.
- (b) An agency seeking approval from the board must submit a formal written request to the board
- signed by an authorized representative that includes the applicant owner's name, the company name,
- address of record, and contact information along with the following information:
- (1) A side-by-side comparison showing the agency's sterile compounding standards and describing
- how each standard complies with each of the requirements of this Section.
- 129 (2) A list of employees performing survey inspections that also sets forth the name, title, license
- number, license type, state of licensure and licensure status for each employee.
- (3) A list of payers or organizations that the agency is recognized by, if applicable.

- (4) A list of health care facility sites currently accredited by the agency including the name, location,
- license type and license number of each site.
- 134 (5) A detailed description of the process used to evaluate health care facility sites seeking
- accreditation or reaccreditation.
- 136 (6) Documentation of compliance with the requirements listed in the self-assessment form referenced
- in section 1735.2(j) of Title 16 of the California of Code of Regulations in evaluating pharmacies and
- 138 non-resident pharmacies.
- (7) Documentary or other evidence of a process to address non-compliance that may include any or
- all of the following: (a) a requirement for correction of any identified deficiencies within a set
- timeframe; (b) a requirement that failure to comply shall result in the accrediting agency issuing a
- reprimand or suspending or revoking the accreditation; or, (c) a process for suspending or revoking the
- licensed sterile injectable drug compounding pharmacy's accreditation.
- (c) The Board of Pharmacy shall take action on a completed application at a scheduled board meeting,
- 145 <u>as follows:</u>
- (1) If granted, the approval shall be valid for three years from the date of action by the board.
- (2) If the approval is denied, the agency will be notified of the basis for the denial, including a
- description of the standards that were not met. The agency may submit additional information to the
- board for reconsideration of the denial within 30 days of the date of the notice of denial. The
- 150 reconsideration shall be considered at a scheduled board meeting and the accrediting agency may
- show compliance with the standards set forth in this Section by producing new documentary evidence,
- providing testimony or submitting other evidence demonstrating why the approval should be granted.
- (d) After approval, an approved accreditation agency shall continue to meet the standards provided in
- this Section and meet any conditions under which it is approved by the board. Failure to comply with
- the standards set forth in this section or any conditions set by the board shall be grounds for rescission
- of the board's approval.
- (e) The accreditation agency shall, within 24 hours, report to the board any licensed sterile injectable
- drug compounding pharmacy issued a reprimand or any licensed sterile injectable drug compounding
- 159 pharmacy whose accreditation has been suspended, revoked, or otherwise restricted by the
- accrediting agency.
- (f) On an annual basis, no later than July 1 of each year, an approved accrediting agency shall submit a
- report to the board listing all board-licensed pharmacies or nonresident pharmacies that are currently
- accredited and have been accredited during the past 12 months with a notation of the outcome of
- each inspection conducted by the accrediting agency.

165	(g) The board may conduct unannounced inspections of accredited sites to determine if the licensed
166	facility is in compliance with the Pharmacy Law. An accrediting agency shall cooperate with any board
167	investigation or inspection conducted by the board.
168	(h) Three months before the end of an approval or re-approval period, an approved accrediting
169	agency must submit a formal, written request for re-approval to the board or its designee for
170	continued recognition as an approved accrediting agency. The re-approval request shall provide the
171	information set forth in subdivision (b). If the re-approval application fails to demonstrate compliance
172	with this Section, or the board has evidence that the accrediting agency has failed to meet the
173	requirements of this section, the Board or its designee may issue and serve a notice of denial of re-
174	approval on the accrediting agency at its address of record with the board. The denial shall set forth
175	the factual and legal basis for the denial. Within 30 days of the date of the notice, the accrediting
176	agency may request an appeal of the decision to deny re-approval. If no appeal is requested, the
177	denial shall become final. If the board receives a request for an appeal of the notice, the request for an
178	appeal shall be considered a request for an informal hearing under the Administrative Procedure Act
179	(commencing with Section 11445.10 of the Government Code).
180	(i) Recognition of an approval shall continue pending the outcome of any appeal from a notice of
181	denial or rescission of any approval. However, if either a denial or rescission of an approval is upheld
182	after appeal, the accrediting agency shall notify all affected pharmacies or nonresident pharmacies of
183	the loss of the board's approval.
184	(j) The board may evaluate the performance of an approved accreditation agency and may rescind its
185	approval of the accreditation agency for failure to conform with the Pharmacy Law and standards
186	relating to sterile injectable drug compounding or any of the provisions of this section. The Board or its
187	designee may issue and serve a notice of rescission of approval on the accrediting agency at its address
188	of record with the board. The rescission notice shall set forth the factual and legal basis for the
189	rescission and set forth the process for appealing the notice. Within 30 days of the date of the notice,
190	the accrediting agency may request an appeal of the decision to rescind approval. If no appeal is
191	requested, the denial shall become final. If the board receives a request for an appeal of the notice,
192	the request for an appeal shall be considered a request for an informal hearing under the
193	Administrative Procedure Act (commencing with Section 11445.10 of the Government Code).
194	
195	Note: Authority cited: Sections 4005 and 4127, Business and Professions Code. Reference:

Section 4127.1, Business and Professions Code.

# Regulation Attachment 1

## Approved by the Office of Administrative Law 3/13/13 Filed with the Secretary of State 3/13/13 Effective Date 7/1/13

## § 1746. Emergency Contraception

- (a) A pharmacist furnishing emergency contraception pursuant to Section 4052.3(a)(2) of the Business and Professions Code shall follow the protocol specified in subdivision (b) of this section.
- (b) Protocol for Pharmacists Furnishing Emergency Contraception (EC).
- (1) Authority: Section 4052.3(a)(2) of the California Business and Professions Code authorizes a pharmacist to furnish emergency contraception pursuant to a protocol approved by the California State Board of Pharmacy and the Medical Board of California. Use of the protocol specified in this section satisfies that requirement.
- (2) Purpose: To provide timely\_access to emergency contraceptive medication and ensure that the patient receives adequate information to successfully complete therapy.
- (3) Procedure: When a patient requests emergency contraception, the pharmacist will ask and communicate the following:
  - Are you allergic to any medications?
  - Timing is an essential element of the product's effectiveness. EC should be taken as soon as possible after unprotected intercourse. Treatment may be initiated up to five days (120 hours) after unprotected intercourse.

EC use will not interfere with an established or implanted pregnancy.

If more than 72 hours have elapsed since unprotected intercourse, the use of ella™ (ulipristal) may be more effective than levonorgestrel. For other options for EC, consult with your health care provider.

Please follow up with your health care provider after the use of EC.

(4) The pharmacist shall provide a fact sheet and review any questions the patient may have regarding EC. In addition, the pharmacist shall collect the information required for a patient medication record required by Section 1707.1 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.

Fact Sheet: The pharmacist will provide the patient with a copy of the current EC fact sheet approved by the Board of Pharmacy as required by Business and Professions Code Section 4052.3(e).

- (5) Referrals and Supplies: If emergency contraception services are not immediately available at the pharmacy or the pharmacist declines to furnish pursuant to conscience clause, the pharmacist will refer the patient to another emergency contraception provider. The pharmacist shall comply with all state mandatory reporting laws, including sexual abuse laws.
- (6) The pharmacist may provide up to 12 non-spermicidal condoms to each Medi-Cal and Family PACT client who obtains emergency contraception.
- (7) Advanced provision: The pharmacist may dispense emergency contraception medication for a patient in advance of the need for emergency contraception.
- (8) EC Product Selection: The pharmacist will provide emergency contraception medication from the list of products specified in this protocol. This list must be kept current and maintained in the pharmacy. Along with emergency contraception products, the list will include adjunctive medications indicated for nausea and vomiting associated with taking EC containing estrogen. Patients will be provided information concerning dosing and potential adverse effects.
- (9) Documentation: Each prescription authorized by a pharmacist will be documented in a patient medication record as required by law.
- (10) Training: Prior to furnishing emergency contraception, pharmacists who participate in this protocol must have completed a minimum of one hour of continuing education specific to emergency contraception.

## (11) Medications Used for Emergency Contraception

## **Dedicated Approved Products for Emergency Contraception**

Brand Dose Ethinyl Estradiol per dose (mcg)

One Tablet Regimens

Plan B™ One-Step	1 tablet	0	1.5mg levonorgestrel
ella™	1 tablet	0	30mg ulipristal
Levonorgestrel	1 tablet	0	1.5mg levonorgestrel

Two Tablet Regimens

Next Choice™	2 tablets at once (1.5mg total dose) or 1 tablet (0.75mg) followed by 1 tablet (0.75mg) 12 hours later	0	Each tablet is 0.75 mg levonorgestrel
Levonorgestrel	2 tablets at once (1.5mg total dose) or 1 tablet (0.75mg) followed by 1 tablet (0.75mg) 12 hours later	0	Each tablet is 0.75 mg levonorgestrel

## **Oral Contraceptive Pills**

Brand	Tablets per Dose (two doses 12 hours apart*)	Ethinyl Estradiol per dose (mcg)	Levonorgestrel per dose (mg)*
Alesse	5 pink tablets	100	0.50
Aviane	5 orange tablets	100	0.50
Levlen	4 light-orange tablets	120	0.60
Levlite	5 pink tablets	100	0.50
Levora	4 white tablets	120	0.60
Lo/Ovral	4 white tablets	120	0.50
Low-Ogestrel	4 white tablets	120	0.60
Nordette	4 light-orange tablets	120	0.60
Ogestrel	2 white tablets	100	0.50
Ovral	2 white tablets	100	0.50
Tri-Levlen	4 yellow tablets	100	0.50
Triphasil	4 yellow tablets	120	0.50
Trivora	4 pink tablets	120	0.50
Ovrette	20 yellow tablets	0	0.75

\*The progestin in Ovral, Lo/Ovral, and Ovrette is norgestrel, which contains two isomers, only one of which (levonorgestrel) is bioactive; the amount of norgestrel in each dose is twice the amount of levonorgestrel.

In addition to the products specified in this paragraph, generic equivalent products may be furnished. Estrogen containing regimens are not preferred and should be used only when the other options are not available.

## (12) Anti-nausea Treatment Options for use with Emergency Contraception

Non-Prescription Drugs	Dose	Timing of Administration
Meclizine hydrochloride (Dramamine II, Bonine)	One or two 25 mg tablets	1 hour before first EC dose; Repeat if needed in 24 hours
Diphenhydramine hydrochloride (Benadryl)	One or two 25 mg tablets or capsules	1 hour before first EC dose; repeat as needed every 4-6 hours
Dimenhydrinate (Dramamine)	One or two 50 mg tablets or 4-8 teaspoons liquid	30 minutes to 1 hour before first EC dose; repeat as needed every 4-6 hours
Cyclizine hydrochloride (Marezine)	One 50 mg tablet	30 minutes before first EC dose; repeat as needed every 4-6 hours

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4052 and 4052.3, Business and Professions Code.

# Regulation Attachment 2

## Order of Adoption Board of Pharmacy California Code of Regulations

To Amend Section 1745 of Article 5 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read as follows:

## § 1745. Partial Filling of Schedule II Prescriptions.

- (a) A prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance (as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11055) may be partially filled, as defined in paragraph (b), if:
- (1) The prescription is for an inpatient of a skilled nursing facility as defined in Health and Safety Code section 1250; or
- (2) The prescription is for a terminally ill patient. "Terminally ill" as used herein means a patient for whom a licensed physician and surgeon has made and documented a diagnosis of illness or disease that will result in death.
- (b) A "partially filled" prescription is a prescription from which only a portion of the amount for which the prescription is written is filled at any one time; provided that regardless of how many times the prescription is partially filled, the total amount dispensed shall not exceed that written on the face of the prescription.
- (c) When partially filling a prescription pursuant to subsection (a), all of the following conditions must be met:
- (1) The prescription must be tendered and at least partially filled within 60 days following the date of issue;
- (2) The pharmacist records the date and amount of each partial filling in a readily retrievable form and or on the original prescription, also recording the initials of the pharmacist dispensing the prescription;
- (3) No portion of the prescription is dispensed more than 60 days from the date of issuance of the prescription; and
- (d) A pharmacist may partially fill a prescription for a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, if the pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity ordered by the prescriber. The pharmacist shall make a notation of the quantity supplied on the face of the written prescription. The remaining portion of the prescription may be filled within 72 hours of the first partial filling. If

the remaining portion is not filled within the 72-hour period, the pharmacist shall notify the prescriber. The pharmacist may not supply the drug after 72 hour period has expired without a new prescription.

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Section 4301, Business and Professions Code; and Sections 11055, 11153, 11154, 11166, 11200, Health and Safety Code.

To Add Section 1762 to Article 8 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read as follows:

## § 1762. Unprofessional Conduct Defined.

In addition to those acts detailed in Business and Professions Code Section 4301, the following shall also constitute unprofessional conduct:

- (a) Including or permitting to be included any of the following provisions in an agreement to settle a civil dispute arising from the licensee's practice, whether the agreement is made before or after the filing of an action:
- (1) A provision that prohibits another party to the dispute from contacting, cooperating, or filing a complaint with the board; or,
- (2) A provision that requires another party to the dispute to attempt to withdraw a complaint the party has filed with the board.
- <u>(b) Failure without lawful excuse to provide records requested by the board within 15 days of</u>
  the date of receipt of the request or within the time specified in the request, whichever is later.
- (c) Failure or refusal to comply with any court order issued in the enforcement of a subpoena, mandating the release of records to the board.
- (d) Commission of any act resulting in the requirement that a licensee or applicant registers as a sex offender. The board may revoke the license of any licensee and deny the application of any applicant who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 of the Penal Code or any other equivalent federal, state or territory's law that requires registration as a sex offender.

<u>Authority: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 726, 4300 and 4301, Business and Professions Code.</u>

To Amend Section 1769 of Article 8 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read as follows:

### § 1769. Criteria for Rehabilitation.

(a) In addition to any other requirements for licensure, when considering the approval of an application, the board or its designee may require an applicant to be examined by one or more physicians and surgeons or psychologists designated by the board if it appears that the applicant may be unable to safely practice due to mental illness or physical illness affecting competency. An applicant's failure to comply with the examination requirement shall render his or her application incomplete. The board shall pay the full cost of such examination. The board shall seek that the evaluation be conducted within 60 days of the date the applicant is advised that an examination is required. The board shall receive the examiner's evaluation within 60 days of the date the examination is completed. The report of the examiner shall be made available to the applicant.

If after receiving the report of the evaluation, the board determines that the applicant is unable to safely practice, the board may deny the application.

- (a) (b) When considering the denial of a facility or personal license under Section 480 of the Business and Professions Code, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of the applicant and his present eligibility for licensing or registration, will consider the following criteria:
- (1) The nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s) under consideration as grounds for denial.
- (2) Evidence of any act(s) committed subsequent to the act(s) or crime(s) under consideration as grounds for denial under Section 480 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or crime(s) referred to in subdivision (1) or (2).
- (4) Whether the applicant has complied with any terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the applicant.
- (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the applicant.
- (b) (c) When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:

- (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (2) Total criminal record.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
- (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4030, 4200 and 4400, Business and Professions Code.

## Regulation Attachment 3

## Order of Adoption Board of Pharmacy California Code of Regulations

## Article 5.5. Pedigree Requirements.

### 1747. Unique Identification Number.

For the purposes of Section 4034 of the Business and Professions Code, the "unique identification number" that is to be established and applied to the smallest package or immediate container as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 4034 by the manufacturer or repackager shall conform to requirements for Standardized Numerical Identifiers (SNIs) set forth in a March 2010 publication by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) titled "Guidance for Industry, Standards for Securing the Drug Supply Chain – Standardized Numerical Identification for Prescription Drug Packages," (FDA'S Guidance Document), hereby incorporated by reference. As stated therein, an SNI consists of a serialized National Drug Code (NDC) product identifier combined with a unique numeric or alphanumeric serial number of no more than twenty (20) digits or characters. For dangerous drugs for which no NDC product identifier is assigned or is in use, an equivalent serialized product identifier may be used in place of the NDC consistent with the FDA's Guidance Document. This number shall be combined with a unique numeric or alphanumeric serial number that is not more than 20 digits or characters in length to establish the unique identification number.

This regulation shall become operative on January 1, 2015.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4005, 4034, and 4163.2, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4034, 4034.1, 4163, 4163.1, 4163.2, 4163.4, 4163.5, Business and Professions Code.

## 1747.1. Specification of Pedigreed Dangerous Drugs; Specification of Existing Stock

(a)(1) To comply with Business and Professions Code section 4163.5, each manufacturer of a dangerous drug distributed in California shall submit to the board no later than December 31, 2014, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the manufacturer, containing the following:

(A) A list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name and product package (SKU) type representing at least fifty (50) percent of the manufacturer's total that are ready for initial implementation of the serialized electronic pedigree requirements as of January 1, 2015;

- (B) A statement identifying which one of the following methods was used to measure the percentage of drugs ready to be serialized: (i) unit volume, (ii) product package (SKU) type, or (iii) drug product family;
- (C) A statement describing the calculation(s) used to arrive at the percentage figure of dangerous drugs ready for serialized pedigree requirements;
- (D) A list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name and product package (SKU) type that are in the remaining percentage not yet ready to be serialized or subject to pedigree requirements; and,
- (E) a statement specifying the technology employed to meet the pedigree requirements, including but not limited to any platform(s), vendor(s), hardware, software, and communication technologies deployed.
- (2) To comply with Business and Professions Code section 4163.5, each manufacturer of a dangerous drug distributed in California shall also submit to the board no later than December 31, 2015, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the manufacturer, containing the following:
- (A) A list and quantity of its remaining dangerous drugs by name and product package (SKU) type that are ready for implementation of serialized electronic pedigree requirements as of January 1, 2016.
- (B) A statement identifying which one of the following methods was used to measure the final percentage of drugs to be serialized: (i) unit volume, (ii) product package (SKU) type, or (iii) drug product family;
- (C) A statement describing the calculation(s) used to arrive at the final percentage figure; and,
- (D) A statement specifying the technology employed to meet the pedigree requirements, including but not limited to any platform(s), vendor(s), hardware, software, and communication technologies deployed.
- (3) Any failure to submit to the board a declaration compliant with subdivision (a)(1) by December 31, 2014, any failure to submit to the board a declaration compliant with subdivision (a)(2) by December 31, 2015, or any failure to re-submit either declaration to the board in fully compliant form within ten (10) days after notice of deficiency by the board, shall constitute a violation of the Pharmacy Law.
- (b) For the purposes of Business and Professions Code sections 4163.2 and 4163.4, any manufacturer, wholesaler or repackager seeking to designate dangerous drugs it possesses, owns, or controls that are not subject to the serialized electronic pedigree requirements, shall submit to the Board, by no later than July 31, 2016, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the manufacturer, wholesaler or repackager, containing the following:

- (1) a list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name, product package (SKU) type and National Drug Code (NDC) product identifier in the possession, ownership, or control of the manufacturer, wholesaler or repackager that were acquired prior to July 1, 2016;
  - (2) a statement that specifies the means and source of acquisition; and,
- (3) a statement that specifies the anticipated means of any subsequent distribution or disposition.
- (c) For the purposes of Business and Professions Code sections 4163.2 and 4163.4, any pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse seeking to designate dangerous drugs it possesses, owns, or controls that are not subject to the serialized electronic pedigree requirements, shall submit to the Board, by no later than July 31, 2017, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury by an owner, officer, or employee with authority to bind the pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse, containing the following:
- (1) A list and quantity of dangerous drugs by name, product package (SKU) type and National Drug Code (NDC) product identifier in the possession, ownership, or control of the pharmacy or pharmacy warehouse that were acquired prior to July 1, 2017;
  - (2) A statement that specifies the means and source of acquisition; and,
- (3) a statement that specifies the anticipated means of any subsequent distribution or disposition.
- (d) The Board or its designee shall have sole discretion to determine whether any of the declarations submitted pursuant to this Section are compliant, and to reject and require re-submission of any non-compliant declaration(s) until determined to be fully compliant.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4005, 4034, 4163, 4163.2 and 4163.5, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4034, 4034.1, 4163, 4163.1, 4163.2, 4163.4, 4163.5, Business and Professions Code.

# Regulation Attachment 4

	T:: 46 D   1 f D
1	Title 16. Board of Pharmacy
2	Proposed Language
3	
4	To Amend § 1732.05 in Article 4 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to
5	read as follows:
6	§ 1732.05. Accreditation Agencies for Continuing Education.
7	(a) The following organizations are approved accreditation agencies:
8	(1) The Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education.
9	(2) The Pharmacy Foundation of California California Pharmacists Association.
10	(b) Accreditation agencies shall:
11	(1) Evaluate each continuing education provider seeking accreditation in accordance with the
12	provider's ability to comply with the requirements of section 1732.1 of this Division.
13	(2) Maintain a list of the name and address of the person responsible for the provider's continuing
14	education program. The accreditation agency shall require that any change in the responsible person's
15	identity shall be reported to the accreditation agency within 15 days of the effective date of the
16	change.
17	(3) Provide the board with the names, addresses and responsible party of each provider, upon request
18	(4) Respond to complaints from the board, providers or from pharmacists concerning activities of any
19	of its accredited providers or their coursework.
20	(5) Review at least one course per year offered by each provider accredited by the agency for
21	compliance with the agency's requirements and requirements of the board and, on request, report the
22	findings of such reviews to the board.
23	(6) Take such action as is necessary to assure that the continuing education coursework offered by its
24	providers meets the continuing education requirements of the board.
25	(7) Verify the completion of a specific continuing education course by an individual pharmacist upon
26	request of the board.
27	(c) Substantial failure of an approved accreditation agency to evaluate continuing education providers
28	as set forth in subdivision (b) shall constitute cause for revocation of its approval as an accreditation
29	agency by the board.
30	
31	Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Section 4232,

Business and Professions Code.

32

33

34	To Amend § 1732.2 in Article 4 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read
35	as follows:
36	§ 1732.2. Board Accredited Continuing Education
37	
38	(a) Individuals may petition the board to allow continuing education credit for specific coursework
39	which is not offered by a provider but meets the standards of Section 1732.3.
40	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of this section, coursework which meets the standard of relevance
41	to pharmacy practice and has been approved for continuing education by the Medical Board of
42	California, the California Board of Podiatric Medicine, the California Board of Registered Nursing or the
43	Dental Board of California shall, upon satisfactory completion, be considered approved continuing
44	education for pharmacists.
45	(c) A pharmacist serving on a designated subcommittee of the board for the purpose of developing
46	the California Practice Standards and Jurisprudence Examination for pharmacists pursuant to
47	section 4200.2 of the Business and Professions Code may annually be awarded up to six hours of
48	continuing education for conducting a review of exam test questions. A subcommittee member shall
49	not receive continuing education hours pursuant to this subdivision if that subcommittee member
50	requests reimbursement from the board for time spent conducting a review of exam test questions.
51	(d) A pharmacist or pharmacy technician who attends a full day board meeting may be awarded six
52	hours of continuing education per renewal period. The board shall designate on its public agenda
53	which day shall be eligible for continuing education credit. A pharmacist or pharmacy technician
54	requesting continuing education pursuant to this subdivision must sign in and out on an attendance
55	sheet at the board meeting that requires the individual to provide his or her first and last name, license
56	number, time of arrival and time of departure from the meeting.
57	(e) A pharmacist or pharmacy technician who attends a full committee meeting of the board may be
58	awarded two hours of continuing education per renewal period. A pharmacist or pharmacy technician
59	requesting continuing education hours pursuant to this subdivision must sign in and out on an
60	attendance sheet at the committee meeting that requires the individual to provide his or her first and
61	last name, license number, time of arrival and time of departure from the meeting.
62	(f) An individual may be awarded three hours of continuing education for successfully passing the

Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Section 4232,

examination administered by the Commission for Certification in Geriatric Pharmacy.

Business and Professions Code.

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67 To Amend § 1732.5 in Article 4 of Division 17 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations to read 68 as follows: 69 § 1732.5. Renewal Requirements for Pharmacist. 70 71 (a) Except as provided in Section 4234 of the Business and Professions Code and Section 1732.6 of this 72 Division, each applicant for renewal of a pharmacist license shall submit proof satisfactory to the board, that the applicant has completed 30 hours of continuing education in the prior 24 months. 73 74 (b) At least six of the 30 units required for pharmacist license renewal shall be completed in one or 75 more of the following subject areas: 76 1. Emergency/Disaster Response 77 2. Patient Consultation 78 3. Maintaining Control of a Pharmacy's Drug Inventory 79 4. Ethics 80 5. Substance Abuse 81 Pharmacists renewing their licenses which expire on or after July 1, 2015, shall be subject to the 82 requirements of this subdivision. 83 (b) (c) All pharmacists shall retain their certificates of completion for four years following completion 84 of a continuing education course. 85 86 Note: Authority cited: Section 4005, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Sections 4231 and 87 4232, Business and Professions Code. 88 / 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99

100	To Add § 1751.9 to Division 1	7 of Title 16 of the California	Code of Regulations to read as follows:
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101

- 102 § 1751.9. Accreditation Agencies for Pharmacies that Compound Injectable Sterile Drug Products
- 103 (a) An agency seeking to become an approved accrediting agency for pharmacies or nonresident
- pharmacies that compound sterile injectable drug products pursuant to Business and Professions Code
- sections 4127.1 or 4127.2 shall submit evidence satisfactory to the board as described in
- subdivision (b) that:
- 107 (1) The accrediting agency performs site inspections and re-accreditation reviews of each accredited
- pharmacy at least annually. Site inspections shall be conducted to ensure compliance with Article 4.5
- 109 (commencing with Section 1735) and Article 7 (commencing with Section 1751) of Division 17 of
- 110 Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations governing the compounding of sterile injectable drug
- 111 products.
- (2) The standards for granting accreditation shall reflect the Pharmacy Law.
- 113 (3) The surveyors who perform site inspections possess qualifications necessary to evaluate the
- professional practices subject to accreditation. At least one member of the survey team must be a
- licensed pharmacist. All health care practitioner surveyors must maintain current, active and
- unrestricted licensure to practice their respective professions.
- 117 (4) The accrediting agency has sufficient personnel and resources to accredit California and non-
- 118 resident pharmacies.
- (5) The accrediting agency has been operating for a minimum of two years with a history of
- accrediting health care facilities.
- 121 (6) The accrediting agency shall provide the board access to an approved accrediting agency's report
- on individual pharmacies for a three-year period following issuance of the report. Upon request of the
- board, the agency shall provide the report within 10 business days.
- (b) An agency seeking approval from the board must submit a formal written request to the board
- signed by an authorized representative that includes the applicant owner's name, the company name,
- address of record, and contact information along with the following information:
- (1) A side-by-side comparison showing the agency's sterile compounding standards and describing
- how each standard complies with each of the requirements of this Section.
- 129 (2) A list of employees performing survey inspections that also sets forth the name, title, license
- number, license type, state of licensure and licensure status for each employee.
- (3) A list of payers or organizations that the agency is recognized by, if applicable.

- (4) A list of health care facility sites currently accredited by the agency including the name, location,
- license type and license number of each site.
- 134 (5) A detailed description of the process used to evaluate health care facility sites seeking
- accreditation or reaccreditation.
- 136 (6) Documentation of compliance with the requirements listed in the self-assessment form referenced
- in section 1735.2(j) of Title 16 of the California of Code of Regulations in evaluating pharmacies and
- 138 non-resident pharmacies.
- (7) Documentary or other evidence of a process to address non-compliance that may include any or
- all of the following: (a) a requirement for correction of any identified deficiencies within a set
- timeframe; (b) a requirement that failure to comply shall result in the accrediting agency issuing a
- reprimand or suspending or revoking the accreditation; or, (c) a process for suspending or revoking the
- licensed sterile injectable drug compounding pharmacy's accreditation.
- (c) The Board of Pharmacy shall take action on a completed application at a scheduled board meeting,
- 145 <u>as follows:</u>
- (1) If granted, the approval shall be valid for three years from the date of action by the board.
- (2) If the approval is denied, the agency will be notified of the basis for the denial, including a
- description of the standards that were not met. The agency may submit additional information to the
- board for reconsideration of the denial within 30 days of the date of the notice of denial. The
- 150 reconsideration shall be considered at a scheduled board meeting and the accrediting agency may
- show compliance with the standards set forth in this Section by producing new documentary evidence,
- providing testimony or submitting other evidence demonstrating why the approval should be granted.
- (d) After approval, an approved accreditation agency shall continue to meet the standards provided in
- this Section and meet any conditions under which it is approved by the board. Failure to comply with
- the standards set forth in this section or any conditions set by the board shall be grounds for rescission
- of the board's approval.
- (e) The accreditation agency shall, within 24 hours, report to the board any licensed sterile injectable
- drug compounding pharmacy issued a reprimand or any licensed sterile injectable drug compounding
- 159 pharmacy whose accreditation has been suspended, revoked, or otherwise restricted by the
- accrediting agency.
- (f) On an annual basis, no later than July 1 of each year, an approved accrediting agency shall submit a
- report to the board listing all board-licensed pharmacies or nonresident pharmacies that are currently
- accredited and have been accredited during the past 12 months with a notation of the outcome of
- each inspection conducted by the accrediting agency.

165	(g) The board may conduct unannounced inspections of accredited sites to determine if the licensed
166	facility is in compliance with the Pharmacy Law. An accrediting agency shall cooperate with any board
167	investigation or inspection conducted by the board.
168	(h) Three months before the end of an approval or re-approval period, an approved accrediting
169	agency must submit a formal, written request for re-approval to the board or its designee for
170	continued recognition as an approved accrediting agency. The re-approval request shall provide the
171	information set forth in subdivision (b). If the re-approval application fails to demonstrate compliance
172	with this Section, or the board has evidence that the accrediting agency has failed to meet the
173	requirements of this section, the Board or its designee may issue and serve a notice of denial of re-
174	approval on the accrediting agency at its address of record with the board. The denial shall set forth
175	the factual and legal basis for the denial. Within 30 days of the date of the notice, the accrediting
176	agency may request an appeal of the decision to deny re-approval. If no appeal is requested, the
177	denial shall become final. If the board receives a request for an appeal of the notice, the request for an
178	appeal shall be considered a request for an informal hearing under the Administrative Procedure Act
179	(commencing with Section 11445.10 of the Government Code).
180	(i) Recognition of an approval shall continue pending the outcome of any appeal from a notice of
181	denial or rescission of any approval. However, if either a denial or rescission of an approval is upheld
182	after appeal, the accrediting agency shall notify all affected pharmacies or nonresident pharmacies of
183	the loss of the board's approval.
184	(j) The board may evaluate the performance of an approved accreditation agency and may rescind its
185	approval of the accreditation agency for failure to conform with the Pharmacy Law and standards
186	relating to sterile injectable drug compounding or any of the provisions of this section. The Board or its
187	designee may issue and serve a notice of rescission of approval on the accrediting agency at its address
188	of record with the board. The rescission notice shall set forth the factual and legal basis for the
189	rescission and set forth the process for appealing the notice. Within 30 days of the date of the notice,
190	the accrediting agency may request an appeal of the decision to rescind approval. If no appeal is
191	requested, the denial shall become final. If the board receives a request for an appeal of the notice,
192	the request for an appeal shall be considered a request for an informal hearing under the
193	Administrative Procedure Act (commencing with Section 11445.10 of the Government Code).
194	
195	Note: Authority cited: Sections 4005 and 4127, Business and Professions Code. Reference:

Section 4127.1, Business and Professions Code.